## unit 3: Parallel and Perpendicular Lines Study Guide

## 3.1 Pairs of Lines and Angles

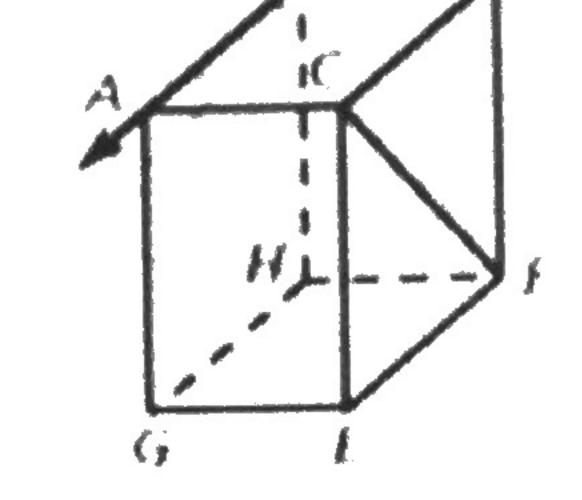
Think of each segment in the figure as a line.

1. Which line(s) appear perpendicular to  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ ?



2. Which line(s) appear parallel to  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ ?

CD, EF, GH



**3.** Which line(s) appear skew to  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ ?

CF, OF, CE, FH, GE

4. Which plane(s) appear parallel to plane ABC?

Plane GHF

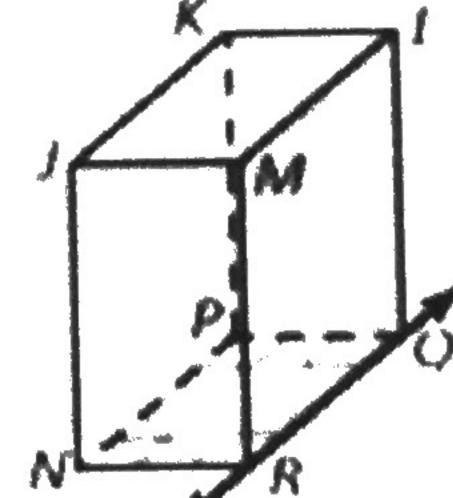
Think of each segment in the figure as a line. Which line(s) or plane(s) appear to fit the description?

**5.** line(s) perpendicular to  $\overrightarrow{QR}$ 

RN, PQ

**6.** line(s) parallel to  $\overrightarrow{QR}$ 

EM, JK, PN



7. line(s) skew to  $\overrightarrow{QR}$ 

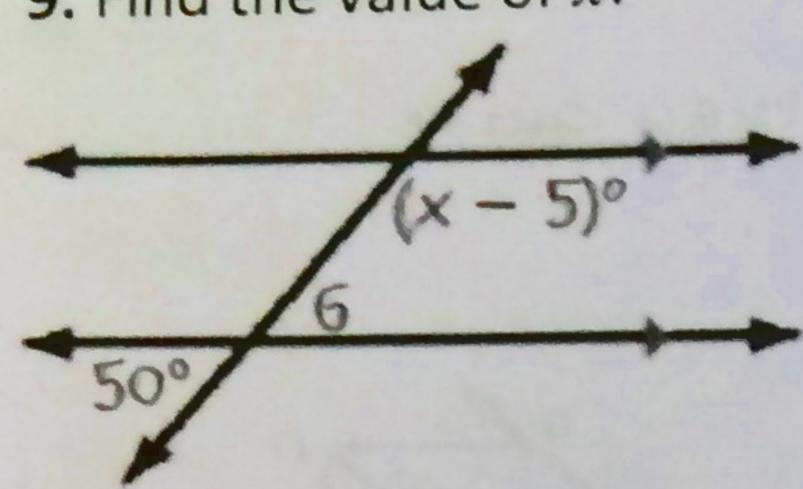
JN, KP, KI, JM

8. plane(s) parallel to plane LMQ

plane KJN

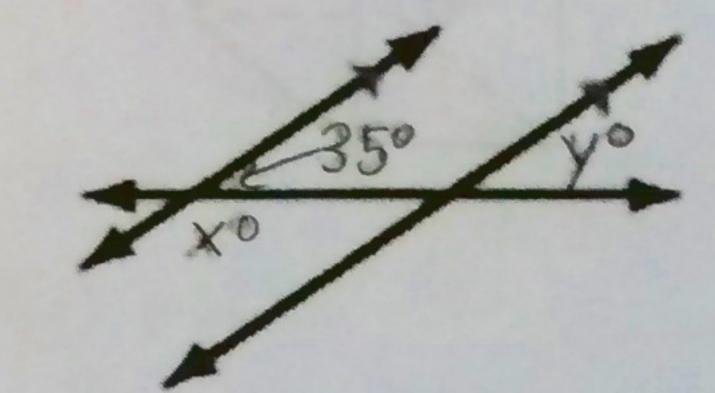
## 3.2 Parallel Lines and Transversals

9. Find the value of x.



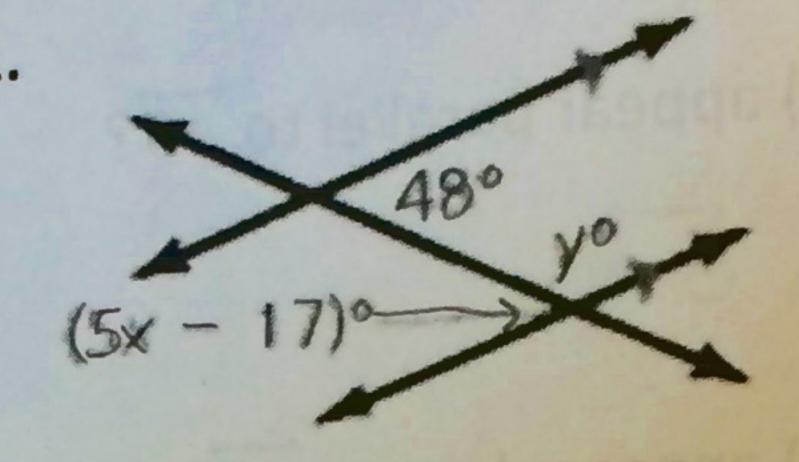
$$X-5+50=180^{\circ}$$
 $X+45=180^{\circ}$ 
 $X=135^{\circ}$ 

Find the values of x and y. 10.



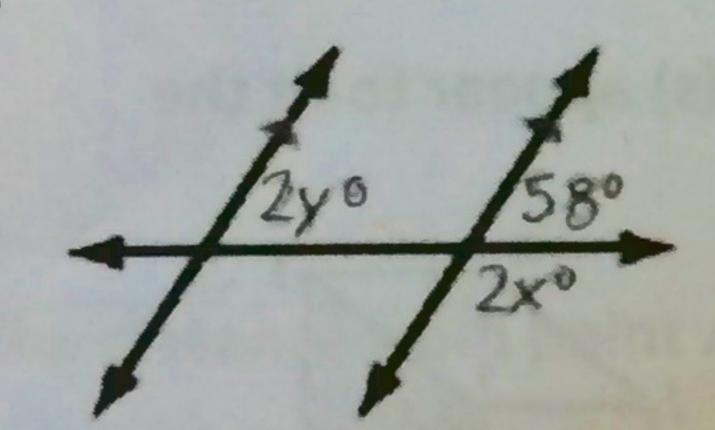
$$X+35=180$$
  $y=35^{\circ}$   $x=145^{\circ}$ 

11



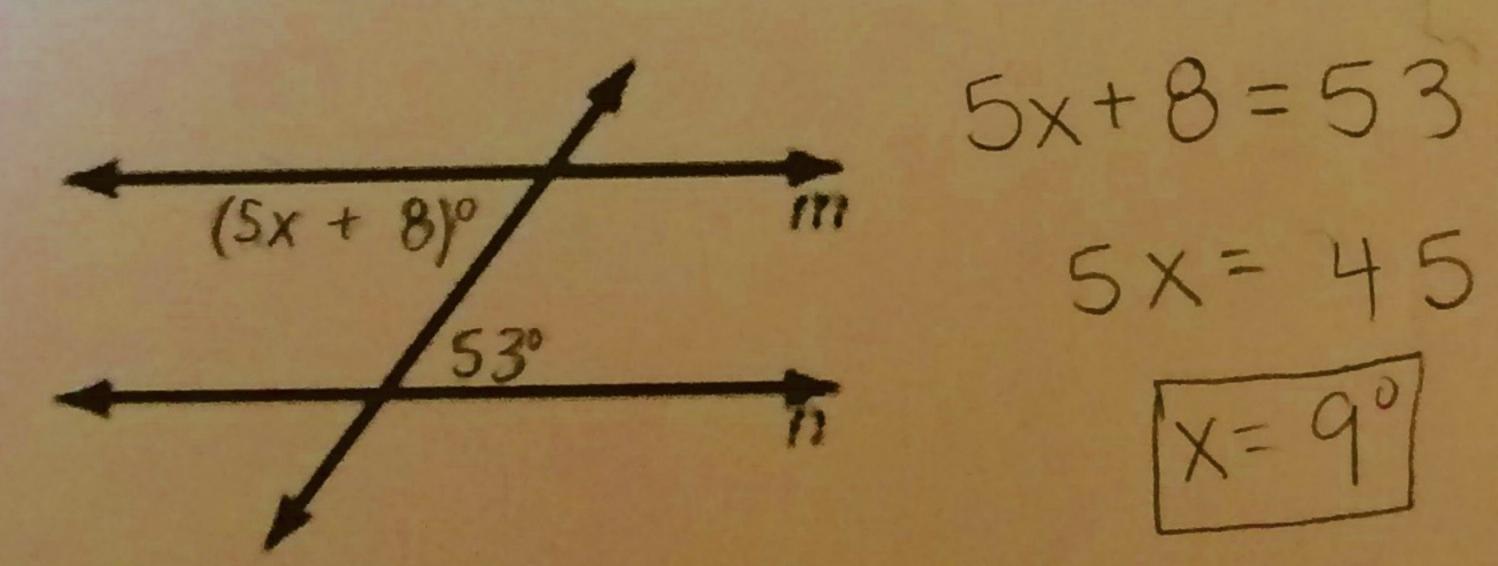
$$y + 48 = 180$$
  $5x - 17 = 48^{\circ}$   
 $y = 132^{\circ}$   $5x = 65^{\circ}$   
 $x = 13^{\circ}$ 

12



2x+58=180 2y=58 2x=122 $\sqrt{x}=60$ 

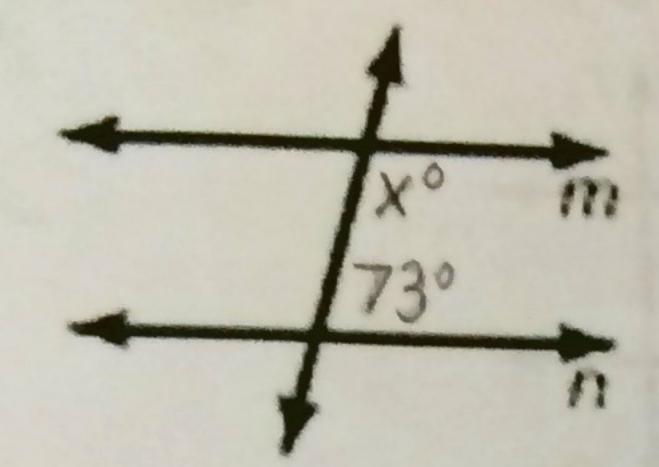
- 3.3 Proofs with Parallel Lines
- 14. Find the value of x that makes  $m \parallel n$ .



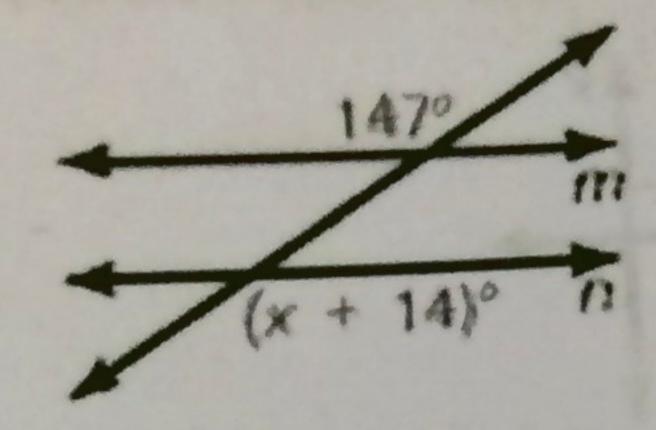
3.  $(5y - 21)^{\frac{1}{3}}(6x + 3)$ 

6x+32=116 6x=84  $\sqrt{x}=14^{\circ}$ 

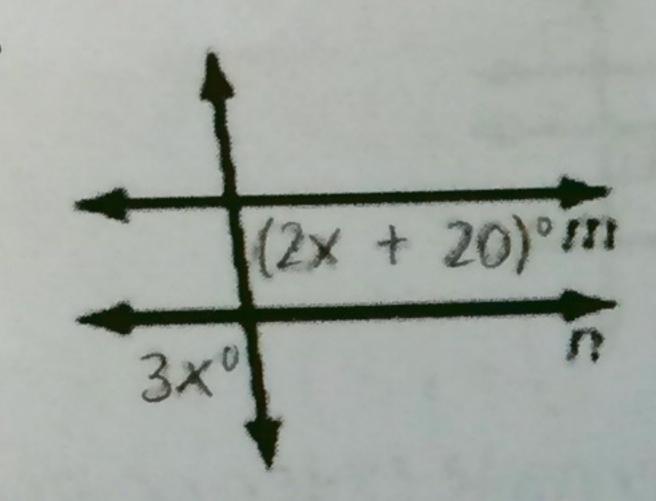
5y-21+116=186 5y+85=180 5y=95 $\overline{10}=199$  Find the value of x that makes  $m \parallel n$ . 15.



16.



17.



$$2x+20+3x=180$$

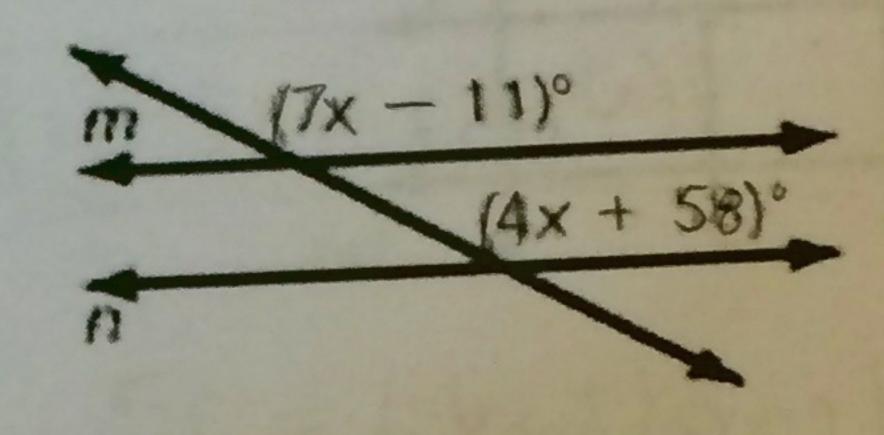
$$5x+20=180$$

$$5x=160$$

$$5x=160$$

$$5x=220$$

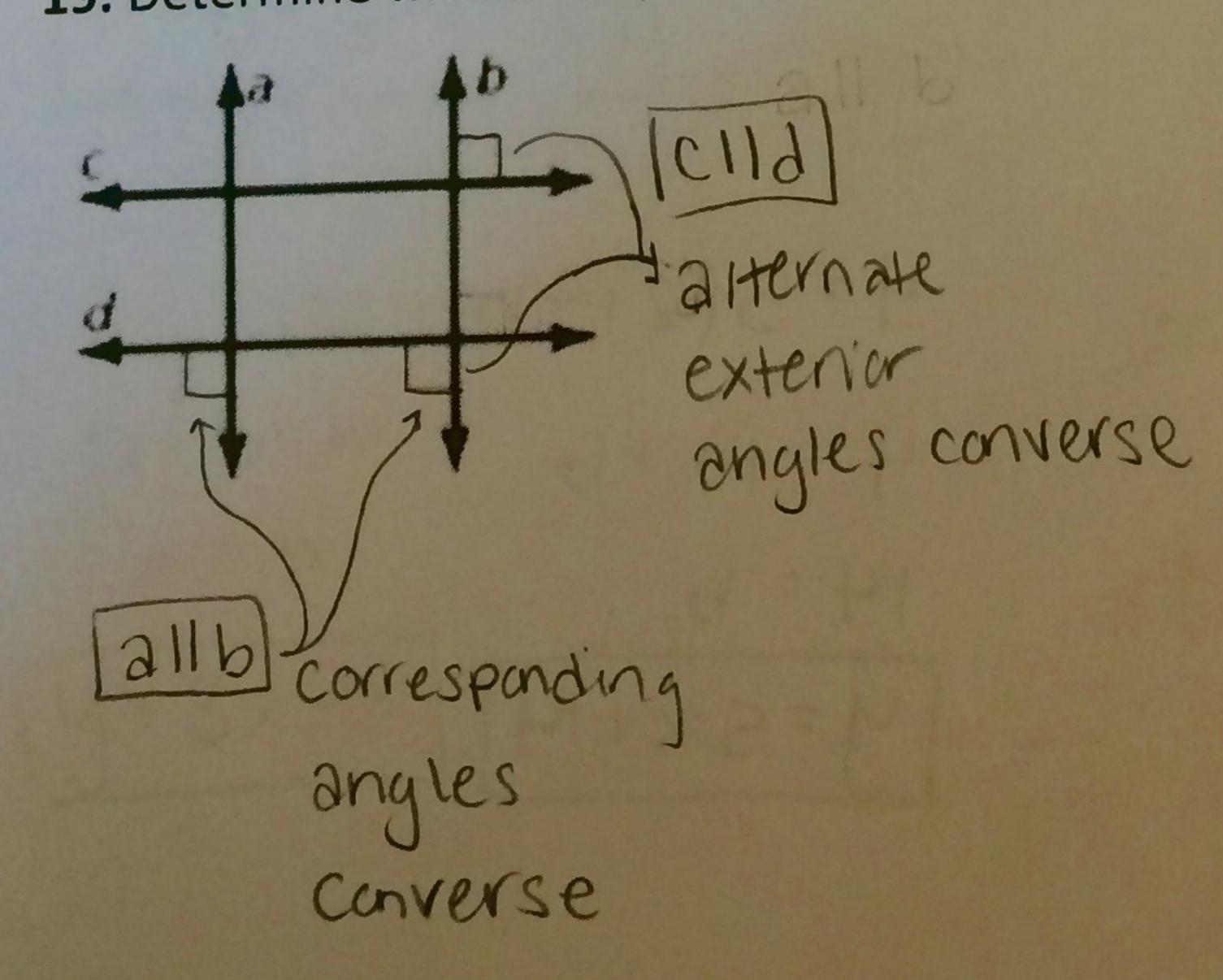
18.



$$3x = 69$$
 $1x = 23^{\circ}$ 

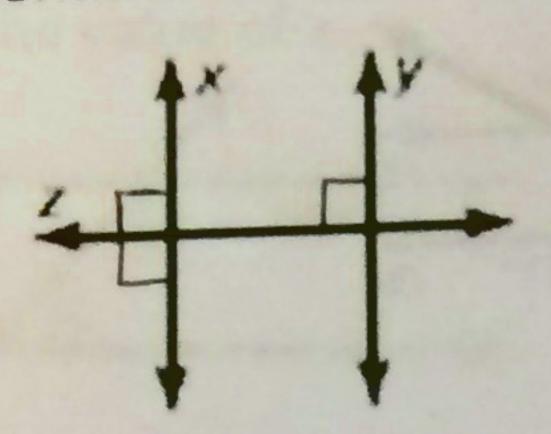
3.4 Proofs with Perpendicular Lines

19. Determine which lines, if any, must be parallel. Explain your reasoning.

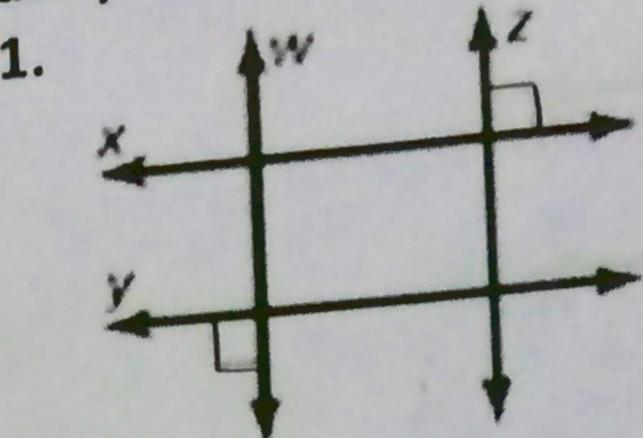


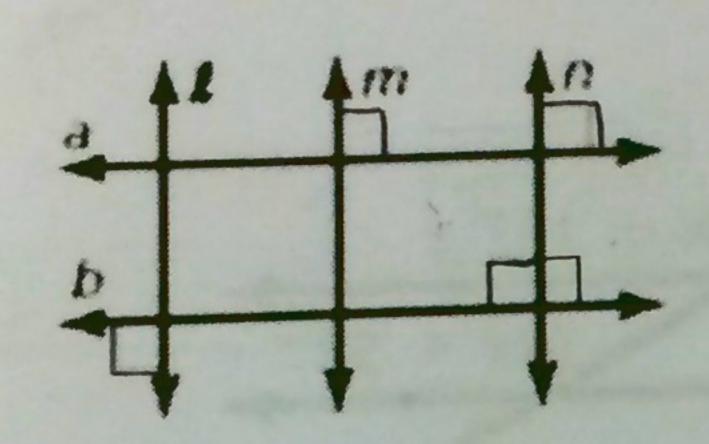
Determine which lines, if any, must be parallel. Explain your reasoning.

20.

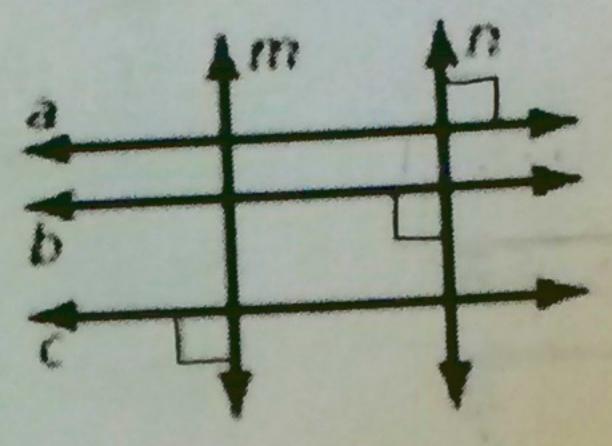


corresponding angles converse





[miln] corresponding angles converse



allb alternate extence converse

[allb] cornesponding angles converse

3.5 Equations of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines (not on test)

24. Write an equation of the line passing through the point (-2,4) that is parallel to the line Sameslype y=5x-7.

Slope of parallel line: m=5

25. Write an equation of the line passing through the point (6,1) that is perpendicular to the line 3x + y = 9. y = -3x + 94 negative reciprocal

Slope of perpendicular line: m= =

Write an equation of the line passing through the given point that is parallel to the given line.

**26.** 
$$A(3, -4), y = -x + 8$$

$$-4 = -(3) + b$$

28. 
$$A(2,0), y = 3x - 5$$

given point that is parallel to the given per 27. 
$$A(-6,5), y = \frac{1}{2}x - 7$$

$$m = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{8}{(y)} = \frac{1}{2} \times + 8$$

$$29. A(3, -1), y = \frac{1}{7} \times + 4$$

Write an equation of the line passing through the given point that is perpendicular to the

given line.

30. 
$$A(6,-1), y = -2x + 8$$

$$M = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$M = \frac{1}{2}(x - 6)$$

$$M = \frac{1}{2}(x - 6)$$

$$-1 = \frac{1}{2}(b) + b$$

$$-1 = 3 + b$$

$$-4 = b$$

$$\boxed{4 = \frac{1}{2}(4) + \frac{1}{2}(4)}$$

32. 
$$A(8,2), y = 4x - 7$$

$$m = \frac{-1}{4}$$

Find the distance from point A to the given line.

34. 
$$A(2,-1), y = -x + 4$$

he given point that is perpendicular to the negative reciprocal slepe

31. 
$$A(0,3), y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 6$$

$$m=2$$
 $y-3=2(x-0)$ 

$$3 = b$$
 $4 = 2 \times +3$ 

33. 
$$A(-1,5), y = \frac{1}{7}x + 4$$

**35.** 
$$A(-2,3), y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$$